## STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

FRANTZ SAINVIL,	)
Petitioner,	) )
vs.	) Case No. 2008-1286
STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION,	)
Respondent.	)
	)

### **FINAL ORDER**

On February 12, 2009, the presiding officer submitted her Recommended Order to the State Board of Administration in this proceeding. A copy of the Recommended Order indicates that copies were served upon the pro se Petitioner, Frantz Sainvil, and upon counsel for the Respondent. Respondent filed a Proposed Recommended Order. Neither party filed Exceptions, which were due on February 27, 2009. A copy of the Recommended Order is attached hereto as Exhibit A. The matter is now pending before the Senior Defined Contribution Programs Officer for final agency action.

#### **ORDERED**

The Recommended Order (Exhibit A) is hereby adopted in its entirety. The Petitioner's attempted Second Election into the FRS Investment Plan when he was not employed in a regularly established FRS position is invalid and his request for relief is denied.

Any party to this proceeding has the right to seek judicial review of the Final Order pursuant to Section 120.68, Florida Statutes, by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the State Board of Administration in the Office of the General Counsel, State Board of Administration, 1801 Hermitage Boulevard, Suite 200, Tallahassee, Florida, 32308, and by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days from the date the Final Order is filed with the Clerk of the State Board of Administration.

DONE AND ORDERED this <u>3rd</u> day of <u>YOUCL</u>, 2009, in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

Ron Poppell, Senior Defined Contribution Programs Officer State Board of Administration 1801 Hermitage Boulevard, Suite 100 Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 488-4406

FILED ON THIS DATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 120.52, FLORIDA STATUTES WITH THE DESIGNATED CLERK OF THE STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION, RECEIPT OF WHICH IS HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGED.

Clerk

INA JOANOS.

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Final Order	
was sent by UPS to Frantz Sainvil, pro se,	
and by U.S. mail to Brian Newman and Brandice Dickson, Esq., at	
Pennington, Moore, Wilkinson, Bell & Dunbar, P.A., P.O. Box 10095, Tallahassee,	
Florida 32302-2095, this <u>3rd</u> day of <u>Meck</u> , 2009.	
Ruth L. Mobil	
Ruth L. Gokel	
Assistant General Counsel	
State Board of Administration of Florida	
1801 Hermitage Boulevard	
Suite 100	

Tallahassee, FL 32308

# STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

FRANTZ SAINVIL,

Case No.: 2008-1286

Petitioner,

v.

STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION,

Respondent.

### RECOMMENDED ORDER

This case was heard in an informal proceeding before the undersigned Presiding Officer on October 6, 2008, in Tallahassee, Florida. The appearances were as follows:

#### **APPEARANCES**

For Petitioner:

Frantz Sainvil

Petitioner

For Respondent:

Brandice D. Dickson, Esquire Pennington, Moore, Wilkinson,

Bell & Dunbar, P.A.

215 S. Monroe Street, Suite 200 Tallahassee, Florida 32301

### STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

The issue is whether the Petitioner's attempted second election into the Investment Plan was valid given he submitted his 2nd Election Enrollment Form at a time when he was not in a regularly established position.

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Exhibit A



## PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

On July 10, 2008, Petitioner submitted a Request for Intervention asking to be allowed to enroll in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Investment Plan. This request was denied by letter of August 12, 2008 from the State Board of Administration (SBA) to Petitioner; and Petitioner then filed a Petition for Hearing which resulted in the instant proceeding.

Petitioner attended the informal hearing by telephone and testified on his own behalf. Respondent presented the testimony of Dan Beard, Director of Policy, Risk Management & Compliance, and offered Exhibits R-1 through R-6, which were admitted into evidence without objection. Respondent's Exhibit R-7 was marked for identification and was submitted after the hearing, with notice to Petitioner. That exhibit is also admitted.

A transcript of the informal hearing was made, filed with the agency and made available to the parties, who were invited to submit proposed recommended orders. Respondent submitted a proposed recommended order; Petitioner made no further filings.

# UNDISPUTED MATERIAL FACTS

- 1. The Petitioner began employment with an FRS participating employer in October 1997.
- 2. Between September 2002 and February 2003, the Petitioner was given the opportunity to enroll in the FRS Investment Plan (formally known as the Public Employee Optional Retirement Plan).
- 3. The Petitioner did not enroll in the Investment Plan during the enrollment period and defaulted to the FRS Pension Plan (also known as the defined benefit plan).

4. Petitioner called the MyFRS Financial Guidance Line on October 9, 2007 and spoke with an Ernst & Young advisor regarding switching from the Pension Plan to the Investment Plan, because he was contemplating leaving his current employer and working for a community college. The following exchange took place during that call:

MR. SAINVIL:

So, okay, if I switch – if I switch today to the private plan that means you are not going to contribute to the account

any more?

**E&Y ADVISOR:** 

Okay. I think there is a misunderstanding. You keep

saying private plan. Private plan is outside the Florida

Retirement System.

MR. SAINVIL:

No, no, no, okay, if I switch to the -

**E&Y ADVISOR:** 

To the investment?

MR. SAINVIL:

Yeah.

**E&Y ADVISOR:** 

Okay. Yes, they are going to contribute 9 percent of your

gross monthly salary into this account.

MR. SAINVIL:

But if I don't switch to it, what, what, what are the

contributions?

E&Y ADVISOR:

The contributions do not affect what your pension benefit is, that is what I'm trying to – if they contributed 20,000 a

year or \$2 a year, you are still going to get the same

pension benefit. Your present value is still going to be the same. So you can't you can't choose a plan based on the contribution because the contributions, there are no – the contributions don't matter when determining your pension

benefits.

MR. SAINVIL:

But if I switch today to the investment account, that mean

the, my Florida Retirement System is not going to give me

that money any more, that is what you mean, right?

E&Y ADVISOR: No, they are going to contribute no matter if you are in the

pension or you are in the investment plan. As long as you are in the Florida Retirement System they are going to

contribute to your account.

MR. SAINVIL:

All right. Send me -

**E&Y ADVISOR:** 

I am going to send you the information so you can look

over it.

MR. SAINVIL:

Okay.

E&Y ADVISOR:

I'm saying that you have one time to switch. You can switch now or you can switch later. Because you claim to be a conservative investor means you don't really like risk. Since you don't like risk you don't have to switch now, you can switch later, as long as you switch before you leave the Florida Retirement System you could always take this money and put it in a private plan later on.

MR. SAINVIL:

Okay.

**E&Y ADVISOR:** 

As long as you are in the investment plan when you

leave the Florida Retirement System you could always

take the moneys with you.

(Emphasis added).

- 5. Petitioner also asked whether Broward County Community College was an FRS-participating employer and the FRS counselor advised that it was. Petitioner never stated that he was going to move from a full time to a part time position or otherwise discussed the nature of the new position he planned to take.
- 6. Petitioner testified that he did not understand that some positions with an FRS-participating employer may not be regularly established positions, and therefore are not eligible for FRS coverage.

- 7. The Petitioner terminated his FRS-covered position on May 6, 2008 and has not been in an FRS-covered position since that time. He is working as a temporary adjunct teacher at three community colleges, but none of those jobs is a regularly established position.
- 8. Petitioner submitted a second election form on June 20, 2008 seeking to switch from the Pension Plan to the Investment Plan. This election was found to be invalid because it was not made while Petitioner was in an FRS-covered position.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- 9. Section 121.4501(4)(e), Florida Statutes governs an FRS plan participant's movement between plans:
  - (e) After the period during which an eligible employee had the choice to elect the defined benefit program or the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program, or the month following the receipt of the eligible employee's plan election, if sooner, the employee shall have one opportunity, at the employee's discretion, to choose to move from the defined benefit program to the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program or from the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program to the defined benefit program. Eligible employees may elect to move between Florida Retirement System programs only if they are earning service credit in an employer-employee relationship consistent with the requirements under s. 121.021(17)(b), excluding leaves of absence without pay. Effective July 1, 2005, such elections shall be effective on the first day of the month following the receipt of the election by the third-party administrator and are not subject to the requirements regarding an employer-employee relationship or receipt of contributions for the eligible employee in the effective month, except that the employee must meet the conditions of the previous sentence when the election is received by the third-party administrator. This paragraph shall be contingent upon approval from the Internal Revenue Service for including the choice described herein within the programs offered by the Florida Retirement System.

# § 121.4501(4)(e), Fla.Stat.

10. FRS-covered employees may move between plans only while the employee is an

"eligible employee," as set out above. An employee is "eligible" only if he is an officer or employee as defined in 121.021(11), Florida Statutes. See §121.4501(2)(f). Section 121.021(11), Florida Statutes defines an officer or employee as a person who is "receiving salary payments for work performed in a regularly established position."

- 11. A "regularly established position" is defined as "a ...position which will be in existence for a period beyond 6 consecutive months, except as provided by rule." § 121.021(52), Fla.Stat.
  - 12. Rule 60S-1.004, Florida Administrative Code states, in pertinent part:

60S-1.004. Participation.

- (5) An employee who is filling a temporary position shall not be eligible for membership in the Florida Retirement System. Records documenting the intended length of a temporary position and the dates of employment of an employee in such position must be maintained by the agency. An employer employing a person in a temporary position shall advise the employee at the time of his employment that he is filling a temporary position and cannot participate in the Florida Retirement System or claim this temporary employment later for retirement purposes. A position shall not be considered temporary due to the uncertainty of the employee's intention to continue employment. A position meeting the definition below shall be a temporary position.
- (a) A temporary position in a state agency is an employment position which is compensated from an other personal services (OPS) account as provided for in Section 216.011(1)(x), F.S.
- (b) A temporary position in a local agency is:
- 1. An employment position which will not exist beyond 6 consecutive calendar months; or
- 2. An employment position which is listed below in paragraph (d) regardless of whether it will exist beyond 6 consecutive months.

- (c) When an employment position in a local agency is extended beyond 6 consecutive calendar months, with the exception of those listed in paragraph (d) below, it shall become a regularly established position for retirement purposes and the employer shall enroll the current employee and all subsequent employees filling the position into the retirement system and shall begin to make the necessary contributions on the first day of the seventh calendar month, or on the first day of the month following the month in which the decision is made to extend the position beyond 6 months, if earlier. When a temporary position extends beyond 6 months and there is no documentation substantiating that the position was originally established as a temporary position to last for 6 months or less, the employee filling such position will be enrolled from the initial date of employment and retirement contributions shall be due retroactively to that date.
- (d) The following types of positions in a local agency are considered temporary positions for retirement purposes. Documents to support such temporary positions listed below must be maintained in the agency's records (see subsection 60S-5.007(2), F.A.C.).

. . .

3. Temporary Instructional Positions (positions which are established with no expectation of continuation beyond one semester or one trimester at a time, to teach in a community college, public school, or vocational institution; effective July 1, 1991, such positions may include paper graders, tutors, notetakers, and lab tutors at community colleges).

Rule 60S-1.004, F.A.C. (emphasis added).

- 13. Petitioner was not in a regularly established position at the time he made his second election in June 2008. Pursuant to Rule 60S-1.004, Florida Administrative Code, the positions held by Petitioner at the time he submitted his second election for processing were temporary positions expressly excluded from the FRS, and he therefore was not eligible to move from the Pension Plan to the Investment Plan at that time.
- 14. Petitioner acknowledged during the hearing that he did not inquire of his employer whether his position would be an FRS-covered position. He did ask the FRS counselor if his employer was an FRS-participant, and was told, correctly, that it was. It does not appear that he

specifically posed the critical question: whether these part time positions would be covered by FRS, and so that aspect of his situation was not discussed.

- The Florida Statutes creating and governing the Florida Retirement System, and 15. Petitioner's rights and responsibilities under them, are clear and the SBA cannot deviate from them. Balezentis v. Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, 2005 WL 517476 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs.). The SBA's construction and application of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the statute it is charged to implement, are entitled to great weight and will be followed unless proven to be clearly erroneous or amounting to an abuse of discretion. Level 3 Communications v. C.V. Jacobs, 841 So.2d 447, 450 (Fla. 2002); Okeechobee Health Care v. Collins, 726 So.2d 775 (Fla. 1st DCA 1998).
- It is unfortunate that Petitioner made diligent attempts to understand how his 16. employment move would affect his retirement options and still was unable to extract the relevant information from available resources. Respondent SBA lacks the authority, however, to allow petitioner to make a second election without meeting the requirement of having been in a regularly established position, as defined by applicable statutes and rules, at the time of making the election.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Having considered the law and the undisputed facts of record, I recommend that Respondent, State Board of Administration, issue a final order denying the relief requested.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this \_\_\_\_\_\_day of February, 2009

Anne Longman, Esquire Presiding Officer For the State Board of Administration Lewis, Longman & Walker, P.A. P.O. Box 16098 Tallahassee, FL 32317

### NOTICE: THIS IS NOT A FINAL ORDER

All parties have the right to submit written exceptions within 15 days from the date of this Recommended Order, which should be filed with the Agency Clerk of the State Board of Administration. The SBA then will enter a Final Order which will set out the final agency decision in this case.

Filed with:
Agency Clerk
Office of the General Counsel
Florida State Board of Administration
1801 Hermitage Blvd., Suite 100
Tallahassee, FL 32308
(850) 488-4406

This day of February, 2009.

Copies furnished to:

Frantz Sainvil

Brian A. Newman, Esquire
Brandice D. Dickson
Pennington, Moore, Wilkinson Bell & Dunbar
Post Office Box 10095
Tallahassee, FL 32302-2095
Attorneys for Respondent

Attorney



### **Shipment Receipt**

(Keep this for your records.)

Transaction Date 04 Mar 2009

**Address Information** 

Ship To: Frantz Sainvil 7020 Nova Drive Apartment 104-D DAVIE FL 33317-7126 Residential

**Shipper:** STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION Tina Joanos 850 413-1197 1801 Hermitage Blvd, #100 Tallahassee FL 32308

**Shipment Information** 

Service:

\*Guaranteed By:

Quantum View Notify SM 1:

Ship; Delivery E-mail Failure Notification: UPS Next Day Air Saver

End of Day, Thurs. 5 Mar. 2009

tina.joanos@sbafla.com

tina.joanos@sbafla.com

Fuel Surcharge:

**Package Information** 

Package 1 of 1

Tracking Number: Package Type: Actual Weight:

1ZF62F201397620487

**UPS** Letter Letter Billable Weight: Letter

Reference # 1:

General Counsel

**Billing Information** 

Bill Shipping Charges to:

Shipper's Account F62F20

All Shipping Charges in USD

<sup>\*</sup> For delivery and guarantee information, see the UPS Service Guide. To speak to a customer service representative, call 1-800-PICK-UPS for domestic services and 1-800-782-7892 for international services.